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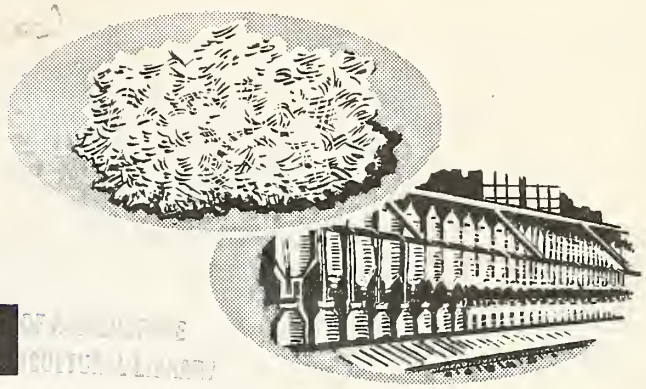

WOOL SITUATION

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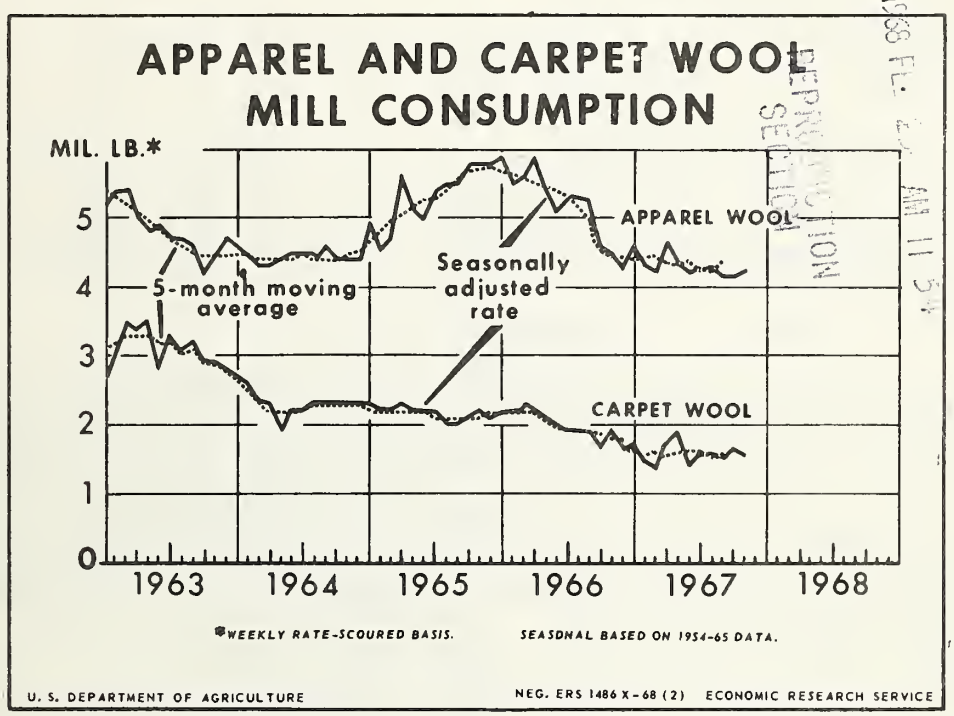

1968 FEB 27 AM 11 54
SERIAL RECORDS
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OPERATIONS
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IN THIS ISSUE

January 1 Sheep Inventory

1967 Consumption and Import Data

Published Four Times A Year
ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE • U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Wool Situation at a Glance

Item	Unit	1966 Nov.	1966 Dec.	1967 Jan.	1967 Nov.	1967 Dec.	1968 Jan.
Average price received by farmers, grease basis	Ct. per lb.	43.0	43.1	45.6	38.4	37.1	39.0
Parity price 1/	Ct. per lb.	86.3	86.3	86.0	87.0	87.3	86.8
Farm price as a percentage of parity	Percent	50	50	53	44	42	45
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1910-14=100	242	242	256	216	208	219
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1957-59=100	98	98	104	88	84	89
Domestic prices, Boston, clean basis 2/							
Graded territory							
Fine, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	132.5	132.5	128.8	117.7	116.5	116.5
1/2 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	127.5	127.5	122.5	107.1	105.5	105.5
Graded fleece							
3/8 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	109.7	107.5	105.0	82.5	83.5	82.5
1/4 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	106.9	102.5	100.0	80.5	80.5	80.5
Original bag Texas, fine 12 months							
good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	132.5	132.5	130.0	124.5	122.5	120.3
Imported prices, Boston, clean, excluding duty 2/							
Australian, 64's 70's, good topmaking	Ct. per lb.	127.5	122.5	118.8	112.5	116.2	117.5
Australian, 64's combing	Ct. per lb.	122.5	117.5	113.8	107.5	111.2	112.5
Montevideo, 0's (58's, 60's)	Ct. per lb.	102.5	102.5	98.8	80.1	79.0	79.0
Montevideo, 2's (50's)	Ct. per lb.	92.5	92.5	88.8	67.3	61.5	61.5
Buenos Aires, 5's (40's)	Ct. per lb.	58.9	56.5	55.0	46.0	46.0	46.0
BLS Wholesale price index 3/							
All commodities	1957-59=100	105.9	105.9	106.2	106.2	---	---
Textile products and apparel	1957-59=100	102.1	101.8	102.0	103.0	---	---
Wool products	1957-59=100	105.1	104.8	104.7	102.2	---	---
Wool broadwoven fabrics	1957-59=100	106.5	106.6	106.8	107.0	---	---
Personal income payments (adjusted) 4/	Bil. dol.	602.1	605.0	610.4	642.4	648.1	---
Retail store sales (apparel group adjusted) 4/	Mil. dol.	1,463	1,386	1,514	1,500	---	---
Mill consumption, scoured basis 5/							
Average weekly rate (unadjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	4,018	3,778	4,629	4,383	4,053	---
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	1,936	1,552	1,779	1,699	1,830	---
Average weekly rate (seasonally adjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	4,445	4,274	4,652	4,848	4,585	---
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	1,804	1,632	1,736	1,583	1,924	---
Monthly aggregates 6/							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	16.1	18.9	18.5	17.5	20.3	---
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	7.7	7.8	7.1	6.8	9.1	---
Accumulated since January 1							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	247.7	266.6	18.5	208.4	228.7	---
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	95.8	103.6	7.1	74.7	83.9	---
Total apparel and carpet	Mil. lb.	343.5	370.2	25.6	283.1	312.6	---
Imports for consumption, clean content							
Monthly aggregates							
Dutiable wools	1,000 lb.	8,892	10,687	9,493	8,276	9,684	---
Duty-free wools	1,000 lb.	6,963	8,619	7,027	8,661	9,307	---
Accumulated since January 1							
Dutiable wools	Mil. lb.	151.9	162.5	9.5	99.4	109.1	---
Duty-free wools	Mil. lb.	106.0	114.6	7.0	68.9	78.2	---
Total dutiable and duty-free	Mil. lb.	257.9	277.2	16.5	168.3	187.3	---
Man-made staple and tow prices							
Acrilan 3 denier 7/	Ct. per lb.	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0
Dacron, 3 denier, type 54 7/	Ct. per lb.	72.0	72.0	72.0	68.0	58.0	61.0
Orlon, 3 denier, 7/	Ct. per lb.	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	89.0	89.0
Viscose, 1 1/2 denier 8/	Ct. per lb.	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	---	---

1/ Effective parity prices as computed currently using base prices in effect and indexes for months indicated. These are the legally applicable parity prices for the following month. 2/ From Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market. 3/ United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 4/ United States Department of Commerce (seasonally adjusted annual rates). 5/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products. 6/ 4 or 5 weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter. 7/ From Modern Textile Magazine. 8/ From Textile Organon.

THE WOOL SITUATION

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board, February 23, 1968

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SUMMARY*

World wool production in 1967/68 is now expected to increase only about 1 percent, compared with the previous season. The gain is somewhat less than estimated earlier, due primarily to downward revisions in estimates of 1967/68 Australian production. Wool stocks at the beginning of the season in Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Argentina, and Uruguay--plus those held by the British Wool Marketing Board--were 3 times larger than the relatively low level of a year earlier. Stocks of 56's and finer wool continued low; those of coarser grades increased. With larger stocks, world wool supplies in 1967/68 are about 8 percent above those of a year earlier.

World wool consumption in 1967 declined from record high 1966 levels when stocks of wool textiles were built up. With the larger wool supplies and increased competition from man-made fibers, wool prices declined sharply. By January 1968, prices of British Dominion combing wools averaged 15 percent less than a year earlier. Since November, wool prices have held relatively steady, and offerings at world wool auctions have been sold. Some recovery in world consumption is expected in coming months and this may lead to some strengthening in prices. However, large supplies in relation to prospective use likely will limit a strong upturn in prices.

U.S. wool production will decline further in 1968 because of an estimated 7 percent fewer sheep and lambs. Mill use of raw apparel wool in the United States during 1968 is expected to increase. But increased world supplies will be available at relatively low prices. The national-average price received by U.S. growers for shorn wool in 1967 (to be announced by USDA on March 21, 1968,) is expected to fall within a range of 40 to 42 cents a pound, grease basis. Little change from 1967 is anticipated in the 1968 average price.

U.S. mill consumption of raw apparel wool in 1967 totaled 229 million pounds, scoured basis. Despite sharply lower wool prices, consumption in 1967 was down 14 percent from a year earlier. Consumption of raw wool on the worsted system declined 17 percent; use on the woolen system was 9 percent lower. Wool grading 60's and finer accounted for a smaller

*The summary of this report was released on February 23, 1968.

share of total wool use on both systems in 1967. The decline in 1967 apparel wool use resulted primarily from a slowdown in the rate of economic expansion, relatively large stocks of wool textile products, and increased use of man-made fibers.

Some recovery in the weekly rate of wool use occurred in late 1967 from the low level earlier in the year. The ratio of wool fabric stocks to unfilled orders for fabric declined in late 1967. This may indicate wool use in 1968 exceeding that of 1967, possibly by 10 to 15 percent.

U.S. imports of semiprocessed and manufactured apparel wool textile products in 1967 totaled 74 million pounds, raw wool content--12 percent less than in 1966. Imports of noils rose 5 percent, but imports of wool wastes and carpets and rugs declined sharply. Some increase in imports during 1968 is likely, in view of the anticipated rise in wool industry activity.

Imports of dutiable raw wool into the United States during 1967 amounted to 109 million pounds, clean content. This is a 33 percent decline from a year earlier, due primarily to large beginning stocks and reduced mill consumption. Wool grading 56's and finer made up 71 percent of total U.S. imports in 1967, slightly less than in 1965 and 1966. About 50 percent of total U.S. imports in 1967 came from Australia, up from 40 percent in 1966, as exporting conditions in Argentina and Uruguay were relatively less favorable. With a pickup in mill consumption and a further decline in U.S. wool production, a moderate increase in 1968 dutiable raw wool imports is expected.

Production of gray wool broadwoven fabrics in January-November 1967 declined 12 percent from a year earlier, and output of wool yarn for sale to the knitting trades for all of 1967 was 20 percent lower. The overall decline was associated with production for civilian use, since output for Government orders and deliveries to the military forces continued relatively large in 1967. Output of finished wool broadwoven fabrics in the first 3 quarters of 1967 was 14 percent less than a year earlier. Production of cotton fabrics in the same period declined 6 percent, and output of man-made fiber goods decreased 4 percent.

Mill consumption of carpet wool in 1967 was 19 percent less than a year earlier, totaling a record-low 84 million pounds, scoured basis. Prices of carpet wool have declined to record low levels in recent months, and for 1968 some recovery in consumption is expected. However, man-made fibers continued to gain a larger share of total fiber use in carpet and rug yarns in 1967; this competition with wool is expected to remain strong in 1968.

Imports of duty-free raw wool in 1967 totaled 78 million pounds, clean content, 32 percent less than a year earlier. Relatively large beginning stocks and reduced consumption resulted in smaller imports. Some increase in imports probably will occur in coming months if consumption picks up as expected.

THE DOMESTIC WOOL SITUATION

U.S. WOOL PRICES

Prices for U.S. shorn wool followed the world trend and declined in late 1966, and throughout most of 1967, despite declines in U.S. production. However, since December 1967, prices have remained stable at a level that probably represents a low point in the recent declining trend. U.S. mill consumption of raw apparel wool in 1967 was relatively low, and competition from man-made fibers intensified.

Reductions in U.S. prices during 1967 were greater for the coarser wools than for the fine wools. In January 1968, Boston prices of graded territory shorn wool, 64's and finer, good French combing and staple, averaged 10 percent less than a year earlier; prices of territory 56's to 62's wool declined 14 percent. Boston prices of fleece wools during the year fell somewhat more than prices of territory wools. (See Statistical Summary, Part I-Domestic Wool Prices; and fig. 1.) Also, prices generally declined more for shorter types of wools than for longer types.

Monthly prices received by growers for shorn wool, grease basis, in 1967 indicate a decline of 10 to 12 cents a pound from the 1966 national-average price of 52.1 cents. (See table 1.) The national-average price for

1967 will be announced by USDA on March 21, 1968. Prices received by growers for shorn wool in the coming months of 1968 probably will increase slightly from current low levels, but for the year average close to prices received in 1967. World wool prices are expected to strengthen some, and an increase in U.S. mill consumption of apparel wool is anticipated. U.S. wool production will decline in 1968, but competition from man-made fibers will continue strong.

Table 1.--Average price per pound, grease basis, received by farmers for shorn wool, U.S., by months, 1964-68

Month	1964	1965	1966	1967 1/	1968 1/
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
Jan.	50.3	45.0	47.7	45.6	39.0
Feb.	52.5	45.9	50.2	43.6	
Mar.	54.9	46.3	53.1	41.1	
Apr.	54.6	46.9	54.0	40.3	
May	53.8	47.3	53.3	40.7	
June	54.7	48.8	54.0	42.2	
July	52.4	47.3	51.3	41.5	
Aug.	51.0	46.8	49.0	40.1	
Sept.	50.0	45.9	47.4	39.2	
Oct.	51.2	45.6	42.4	38.9	
Nov.	49.3	46.0	43.0	38.4	
Dec.	47.3	46.8	43.1	37.1	
Weighted season average	53.2	47.1	52.1		

1/ Preliminary.
Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

U.S. WOOL PRODUCTION AND SHEEP NUMBERS

U.S. production of shorn wool in 1968 will total less than the 189 million pounds, grease basis, estimated for 1967 due to a 7 percent decline in sheep and lamb numbers. The January 1, 1968, inventory of stock sheep and lambs on U.S. farms and ranches was a record-low 19.2 million head. Inventories of all classes of stock sheep declined during the last 12 months. (See table 2.)

Stock sheep numbers on January 1, 1968, in the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota totaled 14.1 million head, and in the Native States, 5.1 million head. Both areas declined 7 percent from a year earlier. The total value of stock sheep and lambs on U.S. farms and ranches on January 1, 1968, was $367 million, 10 percent less than a year earlier. The value per head declined about 50 cents during the year to $19.20.

1967 MILL CONSUMPTION OF RAW APPAREL WOOL

Mill use of raw apparel wool in 1967 totaled 229 million pounds, scoured basis, or 14 percent less than a year earlier. (See table 3.) This decline occurred even though 1967 wool prices averaged sharply lower, wool fabric deliveries to the military forces rose, and consumer incomes were increasing. The impact of these factors on wool use was outweighed by a relatively high level of wool textile product inventories, and increased consumption of man-made fibers.

Mill use of raw apparel wool in 1968 is expected to total some 10 to 15 percent more than in 1967. Wool prices in 1968 are not expected to increase substantially, and the ratio of wool textile inventories to unfilled orders is declining, indicating future increases in the rate of wool use. Consumption of man-made fibers in the wool industry probably will show some further increase during 1968, moderating increases in wool consumption.

The weekly rate (seasonally adjusted) of raw apparel wool consumption declined sharply in late 1966, and continued low (averaging 4.4 million pounds) during the first 10 months of 1967. However, with the decline in the relative level of wool fabric inventories, weekly wool use rose slightly during November-December. (See table 10.)

Use of wool grading coarser than 60's rose from about 48 percent of total wool use in 1966 to 51 percent in 1967. Accordingly, use of the 60's and finer wool declined. More of the coarser wools were used on the worsted system, and on the woolen system. (See table 4.)

Consumption of raw wool on the worsted system in 1967 totaled 141 million pounds, scoured basis, 17 percent less than a year earlier. From this, 130 million pounds of wool tops were produced in 1967, down from 155 million pounds in 1966. (See table 11.) Man-made fibers converted from tow to top without

Table 2.--Number of stock sheep and lambs on farms and ranches, by class, United States, January 1, 1957 to date

Year	Lambs		One year and over			Total stock sheep
	Ewes	Rams and wethers	Ewes	Rams	Wethers	
	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head
Average						
1957-61	4,238	703	21,724	888	205	27,758
1962-66	3,148	748	18,871	765	187	23,719
1957	3,709	634	20,976	840	189	26,348
1958	4,289	625	21,208	864	181	27,167
1959	4,549	647	21,832	893	187	28,108
1960	4,562	721	22,406	927	233	28,849
1961 1/	4,079	887	22,199	918	237	28,320
1962	3,520	855	21,252	868	224	26,719
1963	3,319	762	20,028	808	205	25,122
1964	3,089	714	18,723	754	175	23,455
1965	2,801	650	17,502	722	168	21,843
1966	3,010	760	16,850	675	161	21,456
1967	2,957	687	16,218	645	154	20,661
1968 2/	2,568	573	15,335	591	117	19,184

1/ Estimates for Alaska included in totals beginning with 1961.
2/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Table 3.--U.S. mill consumption of raw wool, scoured basis, 1957-1967

Year	Apparel wool	Carpet wool	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
Average 1957-61	245,451	146,219	391,670
1957	240,850	127,911	368,761
1958	212,012	119,075	331,087
1959	264,930	170,404	435,334
1960	246,393	164,648	411,041
1961	263,072	149,057	412,129
1962	280,247	148,853	429,100
1963	251,344	160,399	411,743
1964	233,932	122,737	356,669
1965 1/	274,696	112,330	387,026
1966 1/	266,587	103,587	370,174
1967 1/	228,684	83,892	312,576

1/ Preliminary.
Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

combing in 1967 totaled 96 million pounds, 7 percent less than a year earlier.

Fiber consumption on the woolen system in 1967 for yarns, except carpet and rug, totaled 289 million pounds--7 percent less than a year earlier. Use of raw wool on the woolen system declined about 9 percent, and its share of total fiber use declined slightly to 30 percent. Man-made fiber use in 1967 was 10 percent more than a year earlier. Man-made fiber's share of total fiber use in 1967 rose sharply to 33 percent primarily at the expense of reused, reprocessed and other wool. Total consumption of these fibers in 1967 decreased 17 percent, compared with a year earlier. Consumption of other fibers during 1967 declined 22 percent. (See table 11.)

Per capita mill use of raw apparel wool in 1967 was 1.15 pounds. This is a record low, and down sharply from 1.35 pounds in 1966. Per capita mill use of raw apparel wool in 1968 is expected to increase.

Table 4.--Percentage distribution of apparel wool consumption, by system and grades, 1963 to date

Year	60's and finer	50's up to 60's	48's and coarser	Total
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
	Woolen system			
1963	44.2	47.7	8.1	100.0
1964	42.0	48.3	9.7	100.0
1965	40.7	51.7	7.6	100.0
1966	35.9	56.4	7.7	100.0
1967	34.8	57.9	7.3	100.0
	Worsted system			
1963	53.7	40.6	5.7	100.0
1964	52.6	40.4	7.0	100.0
1965	59.3	1/	1/	100.0
1966	60.6	39.4		100.0
1967	58.9	41.1		100.0
	Total			
1963	49.8	43.5	6.7	100.0
1964	48.4	43.6	8.0	100.0
1965	52.4	1/	1/	100.0
1966	51.7	48.3		100.0
1967	49.5	50.5		100.0

1/ Not available.
Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 5.--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Ratio of inventories to unfilled orders, by months, 1963 to date

Month	Inventories as a percentage of unfilled orders				
	1963 1/	1964	1965	1966	1967
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Jan.	36	35	21	17	37
Feb.	38	37	21	19	35
Mar.	40	39	22	20	37
Apr.	45	36	22	25	36
May	47	35	21	23	36
June	48	33	19	23	33
July	46	29	21	24	29
Aug.	55	39	19	24	29
Sept.	50	27	18	27	28
Oct.	50	22	17	26	27
Nov.	32	21	20	29	25
Dec.	32	20	17	31	

1/ Excluding data for wool-blend fabrics (chiefly polyester).
Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

INVENTORIES AND UNFILLED ORDERS OF WOOL APPAREL FABRICS

The ratio of inventories of finished wool apparel fabrics to unfilled orders for these fabrics was high during the first half of 1967, but declined during the second half. (See table 5.) The relatively high ratio value during the first part of 1967 contributed to the overall reduction in wool use during 1967. Accordingly, the lower ratio in more recent months is associated with the small upturn in weekly wool consumption rates during late 1967. A further decline in the inventory-unfilled order ratio would indicate further increases in mill activity in coming months.

Inventories of finished wool apparel fabrics at the end of November 1967 at the weaving mill level increased 7 percent, compared with a year earlier. But unfilled orders were 23 percent higher, resulting in the lower ratio. These data include worsted, woolen, and polyester-wool blend fabrics. Inventories of woolen fabrics and polyester-wool blend fabrics at the end of November were larger than a year earlier; those of worsteds were smaller. Unfilled orders for each of the fabrics at the end of November were larger than a year earlier, with the largest percent increase occurring in woolens. (See table 12.)

BROADWOVEN FABRIC PRODUCTION

Output of gray wool apparel fabrics during January-November 1967 totaled 209 million linear yards--12 percent less than a year earlier. Production during most of 1967 was running below year-earlier levels, but output rose in late 1967 and exceeded the declining output of late 1966. In the first 11 months of 1967, gray woolen fabric output amounted to 158 million linear yards--13 percent less than a year earlier; production of gray worsteds was 51 million linear yards--down 7 percent.

Production of finished broadwoven wool fabrics, except felt, during the first three quarters of 1967 totaled 181 million linear yards. During this period, output of cotton

fabric amounted to 6,243 million linear yards, and production of man-made fiber goods was 3,046 million linear yards. Compared with a year earlier, production of wool fabric was down 14 percent; cotton fabrics, down 6 percent; and man-made fiber fabrics, down 4 percent. (See table 6.)

Table 6.--Production of woolen and worsted fabric and cotton and man-made fiber broadwoven goods, U.S., annual 1962-66, by quarters, 1965 to date

Year and quarter	Woolen and worsted	Cotton 1/	Man-made 1/	
			Rayon and acetate	Non-cellulosic
	Million linear yards	Million linear yards	Million linear yards	Million linear yards
1962	309.9	9,248.5	1,587.9	1,130.8
1963	284.4	8,759.3	1,714.1	1,287.6
1964	255.2	8,966.1	3,515.5	
1965	267.3	9,237.8	3,899.2	
1966 2/	264.9	8,839.9	4,173.9	
1965				
Jan.-Mar.	65.9	2,364.2	965.8	
Apr.-June	73.4	2,374.0	974.0	
July-Sept.	66.8	2,189.5	954.5	
Oct.-Dec.	61.2	2,310.1	1,004.9	
1966 2/				
Jan.-Mar.	74.5	2,294.1	1,098.8	
Apr.-June	74.2	2,289.1	1,085.0	
July-Sept.	61.8	2,082.9	992.7	
Oct.-Dec.	54.4	2,173.8	997.5	
1967 2/				
Jan.-Mar.	61.8	2,221.2	1,015.1	
Apr.-June	65.9	2,130.7	1,035.2	
July-Sept.	53.5	1,891.4	996.1	

1/ Excluding tire fabric. 2/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Output of finished apparel broadwoven wool fabric during January-September 1967 totaled 171 million linear yards--14 percent less than a year earlier. Output for Government orders in 1967 equaled the relatively high level of a year earlier, but production of finished wool apparel fabric for non-Government orders declined 15 percent. Of the non-Government orders, production for men's and boys' wear in the first three quarters of 1967 fell 23 percent, compared with a year earlier, and production for women's and children's wear (comprised mostly of woolens) declined 10 percent. Production of finished worsted fabric was 20 percent lower than a year earlier, and output of finished woolens was down 13 percent. Nonapparel wool fabric production during January-September amounted to 10 million linear yards--7 percent less than a year earlier. Production of woven felts in the first three quarters of 1967 totaled 7.4 million pounds--up 19 percent, compared with a year earlier. (See table 13.)

Deliveries of fabrics (wool, cotton, and man-made fiber) to the military forces continued relatively large through November 1967. However, since July, deliveries have totaled moderately less than in late 1966 and early 1967. Deliveries of all-wool fabrics in the first 11 months of 1967 amounted to 27 million square yards. The wool content of these fabrics plus a small quantity of wool used in blends during January-November 1967 was 22 million pounds. (See tables 14, and 15.)

OUTPUT OF WOOL YARN FOR SALE

Output of wool sales yarn for the knitting trade during 1967 was 20 percent less than a year earlier. However, in late 1967, production of wool sales yarn for knitting exceeded that of late 1966. Output of woolen yarn for knitting in 1967 declined slightly more than for worsteds.

Wool sales yarn production for weaving and carpet and rug manufacture also was lower in 1967. Output for weaving declined 12 percent, compared with a year earlier, and output for carpets and rugs declined 21 percent.

U.S. FOREIGN TRADE IN WOOL TEXTILES

U.S. imports of semiprocessed and manufactured wool textile products in 1967 totaled 122 million pounds, raw wool content. This was 15 percent less than in 1966, and 22 percent below the 1965 record high. The general decline in 1967 U.S. imports of wool textiles reflects the weakened demand for wool products and reduced wool mill activity. An increase in fiber consumption and mill activity

is anticipated during 1968. This likely will result in larger imports of wool textiles in coming months. Exports of semi-processed and manufactured wool textiles amounted to about 11 million pounds in 1967--slightly below the relatively low exports of a year earlier. (See tables 16, and 17.)

Imports of wool apparel products in 1967 totaled 74 million pounds--12 percent less than the 1966 record high. Imports of wool tops, yarns, woven fabrics, and apparel declined in 1967, but imports of wool blankets and other manufactures rose. Imports of noils in 1967, at 29 million pounds, were 5 percent larger than in 1966. Imports of wool wastes, and carpets and rugs in 1967 were down sharply, compared with a year earlier.

DUTIABLE RAW WOOL IMPORTS

Relatively large commercial stocks of raw wool on January 1, 1967, and reduced 1967 mill consumption resulted in a 33 percent decline in 1967 dutiable raw wool imports. This was moderated by only a small decline in U.S. raw wool production. Imports in 1967 totaled 109 million pounds, clean content, compared with 163 million pounds in 1966. (See table 7.) The outlook for 1968 is for a further decline in U.S. wool production and an increase in mill consumption. This is expected to lead to larger raw wool imports in coming months.

Wool grading 56's and finer in 1967 represented nearly 71 percent of total dutiable raw wool imports. This was slightly less than in 1965 and 1966. Imports of wool grading coarser than 46's also declined, but imports of 46's to 56's wool increased. (See table 8.)

Australia continued as the largest source of U.S. dutiable wool imports, accounting for 50 percent of the total in 1967, compared with 40 percent in 1966. New Zealand's share rose slightly from 15 percent in 1966 to 17 percent in 1967. South Africa's share was stable from 1966 to 1967 at nearly 14 percent. Argentina's share declined from 13 percent in 1966 to 8 percent in 1967. Uruguay's share fell from 12 percent in 1966 to 5 percent in 1967.

MILL CONSUMPTION OF CARPET WOOL

U.S. mill consumption of carpet wool in 1967 totaled a record-low 84 million pounds, scoured basis. (See tables 3 and 4.) Prices

Table 7.--Imports of dutiable and duty-free wool for consumption into the United States, clean content, 1957 to date

Year	Dutiable	Duty-free	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
Average 1957-61	82,078	149,293	231,371
1957	78,207	120,996	199,203
1958	67,081	122,587	189,668
1959	100,517	191,642	292,159
1960	74,266	153,904	228,170
1961	90,318	157,335	247,653
1962	125,780	143,460	269,240
1963	109,196	167,962	277,158
1964	98,415	113,932	212,347
1965	162,637	108,943	271,580
1966	162,537	114,625	277,162
1967 1/	109,069	78,204	187,273

1/ Preliminary.
Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 8.--Quality composition of dutiable and duty-free imports, 1964 to date

Grade	1964	1965	1966	1967 1/
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
	Dutiable			
56's and finer	69.0	73.3	72.4	70.6
46's to 56's	11.6	15.0	13.0	18.2
40's to 46's	5.7	3.9	5.9	3.5
Not finer than 40's	13.7	7.8	8.7	7.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Duty-free			
44's to 46's	13.7	12.6	13.3	11.8
40's to 44's	17.1	23.1	33.5	34.9
Not finer than 40's	41.5	43.2	35.1	38.3
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	27.7	21.1	18.1	15.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

of carpet wool also declined to record-low levels in 1967, but man-made fibers continued to account for an increasing share of total fiber use in carpet and rug yarns. Prices of Buenos Aires 40/36's, clean basis, in Boston are currently running about 37 to 38 cents a pound, and supplies in Argentina, and in New Zealand are relatively large. This probably will result in some recovery in carpet wool use during 1968, although man-made fibers will continue as a source of strong competition.

Use of carpet wool has been declining since 1963. On a seasonally adjusted weekly basis, however, use in 1967 was relatively stable. Wool's share of total fiber use on the woolen system for carpet and rug yarns declined from 67 percent in 1963 to 37 percent in 1967. Over the same 5 years, man-made fiber's share of total rose from 25 percent to 60 percent. (See table 11.)

Per capita mill use of raw carpet wool declined from the most recent high of 0.96 pound in 1959 to 0.42 pound in 1967.

DUTY-FREE RAW WOOL IMPORTS

Imports of duty-free raw wool in 1967 declined 32 percent from a year earlier, and totaled 78 million pounds, clean content. This was primarily a result of lower consumption, but relatively large beginning stocks in 1967 also contributed to smaller imports. (See table 7.)

In 1967, imports of wool grading 44's and coarser increased as a percent of total. Imports of wools grading finer than 44's, and the named unimproved wools of the Middle East and Asia declined. (See table 8.)

New Zealand continues as the primary U.S. supplier of duty-free raw wool, but its share of total imports declined from 45 percent in 1966 to 40 percent in 1967. Argentina in 1967 accounted for 33 percent of total U.S. imports, up from 29 percent in 1966.

THE WORLD WOOL SITUATION

WORLD WOOL PRICES

Prices of British Dominion combing wools generally weakened throughout the past 12 months, and in January 1968 averaged 15 percent below those of a year earlier. During 1967, world supplies of wool became large when compared with declining rates of world consumption. This imbalance, plus increased competition from man-made fibers resulted in the overall reduction in prices. (See table 18.)

British Dominion wool prices during January-June 1967 held fairly stable, with price support from the New Zealand Wool Commission. However, in July and again in October 1967, the Commission lowered its reserve price levels, and market prices of Dominion wool fell sharply. The Commission continues to hold a substantial volume of wool bought during the period December 1966 to October 1967, but most wool offered for sale since October has moved into buyers' hands. In November 1967, New Zealand devalued its currency. But following this action, Dominion wool prices (converted to U.S. currency) have remained relatively stable.

Price decreases from January 1967 to January 1968 were largest for the coarse wools. This resulted in widening price differentials among grades. January 1968 Dominion prices ranged from 1 percent less for grade 70's wool to 15 less for grade 56's. Prices of 46's to 50's averaged 37 percent lower. (See table 18, and fig. 1.)

Current world wool prices are relatively low. However, since October, competition among buyers in world wool auctions has intensified, and prices generally leveled (firmed for 56's and finer, but softened for coarser grades.) This is expected to lead to increased rates of consumption in coming months of 1968, and probably to slightly higher price levels. However, supplies of wool likely will continue plentiful, and tend to moderate increases in prices.

WORLD WOOL PRODUCTION AND STOCKS

World wool production in 1967-68 is expected to total a record-high 6 billion pounds, grease basis, according to revised estimates. This is slightly less than estimated in August 1967, but is about 1 percent more than a year earlier. Included in these estimates are the 1967 clips of most Northern Hemisphere countries and the 1967/68 clips of the Southern Hemisphere countries. (See table 19.) Stocks

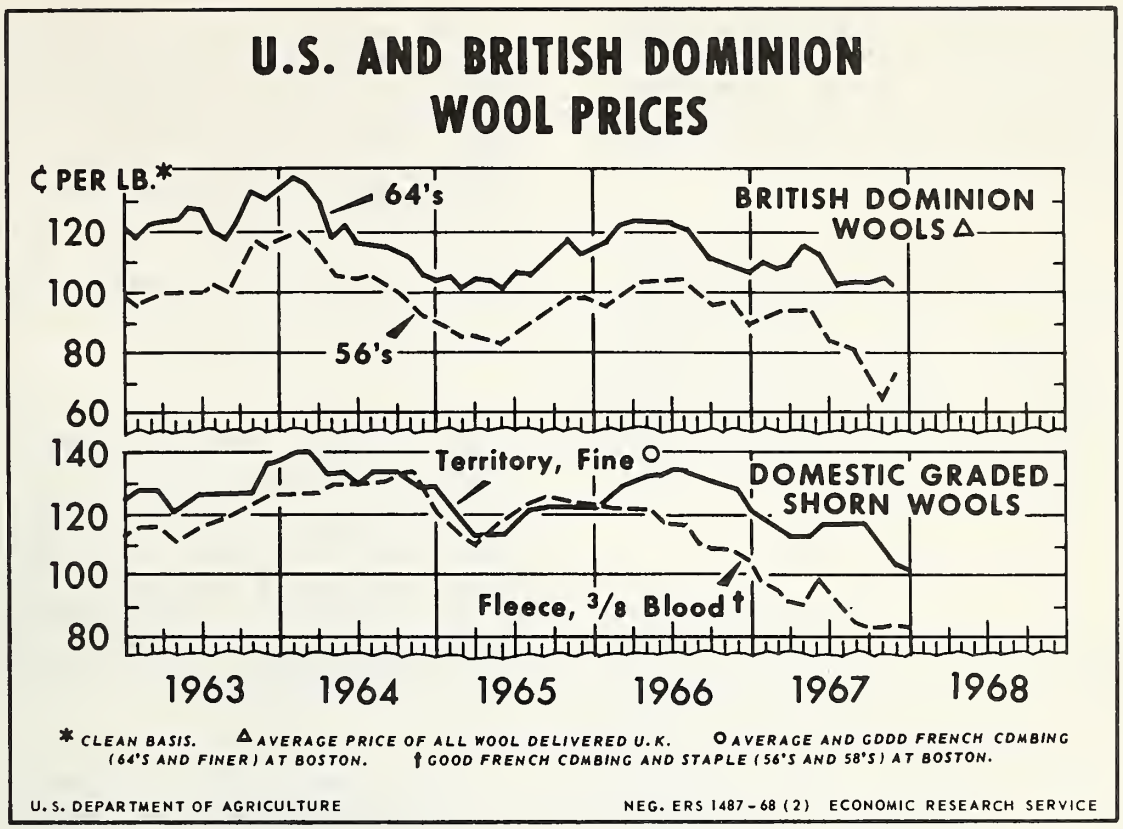

Figure 1

of raw wool tripled during the last year, and when added to the record 1967/68 production, result in an increase of about 8 percent in total supplies. Most of the increase in stocks is attributed to the New Zealand Wool Commission's holdings of old-clip medium and coarse crossbred wools. Over 85 percent of total stocks were crossbred and carpet wools. Stocks of finer grades also increased, but continue relatively low. Data on stocks are at the beginning of the season in Australia, New Zealand (including their wool Commission), South Africa (including wool Commission), Argentina, and Uruguay, and those held by the British Wool Marketing Board.

Wool production in Australia during 1967/68, comprising 30 percent of the world total, is expected to be about the same as last year's. Production in New Zealand and the USSR will total about 4 percent more than a year earlier. Production in Eastern Europe, Africa, and Asia also will be larger. Smaller production is estimated for North and South America and Western Europe.

WORLD WOOL CONSUMPTION

World consumption of raw wool in 1967 is estimated to total about 3.2 billion pounds, clean content. This is down from a record high of over 3.3 billion pounds in 1966. Mill use of raw wool during January-September 1967 declined sharply in major-manufacturing countries of the Free World, but increased moderately in other selected countries. Use of fibers other than raw wool during the first 9 months of 1967 in major-manufacturing countries also declined sharply. However, man-made fiber's share of total fiber use in the wool industry rose slightly at the expense of both virgin and non-virgin wool, and other fibers. Textile production data for these countries show that activity in the worsted sector declined more than in the woolen sector.

Mill use of raw wool in major-manufacturing countries was down 12 percent during the first 9 months of 1967, compared with a year earlier. Wool consumption in January-September 1967 rose slightly in Italy and Australia, but was down in other major-

manufacturing countries ranging from 3 percent less in Japan to 29 percent less in West Germany. (See table 20.) Relatively large inventories of wool textiles, prospects of lower raw wool prices, and a reduced level of economic activity in several countries were factors associated with reduced mill consumption of raw wool in 1967.

Wool industry activity in major manufacturing countries during coming months is expected to make some moderate recovery. Except possibly for stocks of old-clip wool held over by the New Zealand Wool Commission, wool supplies in surplus-producing countries are generally available for export. Prices during recent weeks in Southern Hemisphere auctions have firmed very slightly, with most of the wool offered being sold.

WOOL TEXTILE PRODUCTION

Output of wool textile products in major manufacturing countries during January-September 1967 was moderately lower than a year earlier. Production of worsted products was down more than woolens. In Japan, total output of the various wool products changed little, with production of worsted yarn and woven fabrics up and output of tops and woolen yarn lower. Production in Italy during January-September 1967 declined slightly, compared with a year earlier. Sharp reductions in output occurred in other countries, resulting in the general decline in world totals. Third-quarter 1967 production, compared with a year earlier, also continued relatively low, except in Japan and Italy where output was stable. (See table 21.)

Production of wool and hair tops, and worsted yarn during January-September 1967 was 12 percent less than a year earlier. Output of woolen yarn declined 8 percent and woven wool fabrics were down 7 percent. Of the larger producing nations, percentage declines in output were largest in West Germany and the United States. Production in 1967 also was substantially lower than a year earlier in France and the United Kingdom. (See table 21.)

WORLD TRADE IN WOOL TEXTILES

World trade in wool textile products by major manufacturing countries fell sharply during January-September 1967. The totals for these countries combined ranged from 12 to 27 percent less than a year earlier. Exports of wool and hair tops from 10 countries in January-September 1967 declined 12 percent, compared with a year earlier. Imports of tops into 16 countries were 16 percent less than a year earlier. During January-September 1967, 9 countries exported 18 percent less wool yarn than a year earlier, and 12 countries imported 27 percent less. Exports of worsted and woolen fabrics were 12 percent less than a year earlier. (See table 22.)

Practically all of the larger volume trading countries, whether importing or exporting, sharply reduced their trade in January-September 1967, compared with a year earlier. For these selected countries, declines ranged from about 13 percent to 42 percent less than a year earlier. However, for the United Kingdom, exports of wool fabric were only 4 percent less. In January-September 1967, Japan exported 4 percent more wool fabric than a year earlier.

Table 9.--Exports of wool, actual weight, from Southern Hemisphere surplus-producing countries, 1965/66, 1966/67, and 1967/68 1/

Exporting country	1965/66	1966/67	1967/68
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Australia 2/	413	395	412
New Zealand 3/	146	160	137
Republic of South Africa 3/	90	82	77
Argentina 4/	60	52	59
Uruguay 5/	5	2	2

1/ Season beginning July 1 in Australia, New Zealand, and Republic of South Africa, and beginning October 1, in Argentina and Uruguay.
2/ July-October.
3/ October-November.
4/ October-December.
5/ October.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

RAW WOOL EXPORTS

Exports of raw wool from the 5 surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere during the current season were about 1 percent less than a year earlier, and 4 percent less than the similar period of 1965/66. Australian and Argentine wool exports in the current season were higher than a year earlier, but about the same as in 1965/66. New Zealand and South Africa in 1967/68 exported less wool than during the two previous seasons. Wool exports from Uruguay were small in October (data available for only the first month of the current season.) (See table 9.)

The Wool Situation is published in February, May, August, and October.

The next issue is scheduled for release May 1968.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part I - Domestic wool prices, Boston, clean basis

Item	1966		1967					1968	Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Percent
Graded territory shorn wool									
Fine good French combing and staple	132.5	132.5	128.8	122.5	122.5	117.7	116.5	116.5	90
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	127.5	127.5	122.5	112.5	109.5	107.1	105.5	105.5	86
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	117.3	112.5	107.2	102.5	97.5	94.5	92.5	92.5	86
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	113.5	107.5	103.8	97.5	90.5	89.1	87.5	87.5	84
Low 1/4 blood	102.5	100.0	95.0	92.5	84.5	80.3	77.5	77.5	82
Common and braid	97.5	95.0	90.0	87.5	82.5	79.5	77.5	77.5	86
Graded fleece shorn wool									
Delaine	132.5	132.5	129.4	122.5	122.5	116.5	112.5	112.5	87
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	122.5	122.5	120.0	112.5	107.5	103.3	100.5	100.5	84
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	109.7	107.5	105.0	97.5	82.5	82.5	83.5	82.5	79
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	106.9	102.5	100.0	92.5	80.5	80.5	80.5	80.5	81
Low 1/4 blood	102.5	97.5	92.5	87.5	77.5	74.5	72.5	72.5	78
Common and braid	97.5	92.5	87.5	87.5	77.5	74.5	72.5	72.5	83
Original bag Texas shorn wool									
Fine 12 months good French combing and staple	132.5	132.5	130.0	127.5	127.5	124.5	122.5	120.3	93
Fine 8 months (1 in. and over)	107.5	107.5	107.5	107.5	105.0	104.5	102.5	101.7	95
Fine fall (3/4 in. and over)	92.5	95.6	91.9	97.5	98.5	99.5	97.5	97.5	106
Scoured pulled wool									
70's, 2 in. and longer	130.5	130.5	128.1	122.5	122.5	112.5	116.2	117.5	92
64's, 70's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	127.5	127.5	125.0	117.5	117.5	107.5	111.2	112.5	90
60's, 64's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	112.5	112.5	111.2	107.5	107.5	100.5	102.0	102.5	92
60's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	106.5	106.5	106.0	104.5	104.5	98.5	97.8	97.5	92
58's, 60's, 2 in. and longer	104.5	104.5	104.0	102.5	102.5	98.5	96.0	95.5	92
56's, 58's, 2 in. and longer	102.5	102.5	100.0	100.4	99.4	94.5	92.2	92.4	92
56's, 2 in. and longer	99.5	99.5	99.0	97.5	97.0	92.5	90.5	90.5	91
50's, 56's, 2 in. and longer	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	95.5	90.5	87.8	87.5	91
44's, 50's, 4 in. and longer	94.5	94.5	94.5	94.5	93.5	87.5	83.8	82.5	87
36's, 44's, 4 in. and longer	92.5	92.5	92.5	92.5	91.2	87.5	83.8	82.5	89

Compiled from Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part II -U.S. Mill Consumption and Imports

Item	Unit	1966 Sept.	1966 Oct.	1966 Nov.	1966 Dec.	1967 Sept.	1967 Oct.	1967 Nov.	1967 Dec.	Latest data availsble as percent of a year earlier
Mill consumption, scoured basis 1/										
Average weekly rate during month 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	1,000									
60's and finer	pounds	2,113	2,251	2,041	2,122	2,110	2,149	2,245	2,143	101
50's up to 60's	do.	) 2,405	2,168	1,976	1,656	2,048	2,032	2,138	1,910	115
48's and coarser	do.	)								
Total apparel wool	do.	4,518	4,419	4,017	3,778	4,158	4,181	4,383	4,053	107
Carpet wool 4/	do.	1,894	2,145	1,936	1,552	1,695	1,834	1,699	1,830	118
Total apparel and carpet		6,412	6,564	5,954	5,330	5,853	6,015	6,082	5,883	110
Monthly aggregates 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	Million									
60's and finer	pounds	10.6	9.0	8.2	10.6	10.6	8.6	9.0	10.7	101
50's up to 60's	do.	) 12.0	8.7	7.9	8.3	10.2	8.1	8.6	9.6	116
48's and coarser	do.	)								
Total apparel wool	do.	22.6	17.7	16.1	18.9	20.8	16.7	17.5	20.3	107
Carpet wool 4/	do.	9.5	8.6	7.7	7.8	8.5	7.3	6.8	9.1	117
Total apparel and carpet	do.	32.1	26.3	23.8	26.7	29.3	24.0	24.3	29.4	110
Accumulated since January 1										
Apparel wool 3/										
By grade										
60's and finer	do.	109.9	119.0	127.1	137.7	85.4	93.9	102.5	113.2	82
50's up to 60's	do.	) 104.0	112.7	120.6	128.9	88.8	96.9	105.9	115.5	90
48's and coarser	do.	)								
By system										
Woolen	do.	76.7	83.1	89.2	96.2	69.1	74.8	80.6	87.3	91
Worsted	do.	137.2	148.5	158.5	170.4	105.0	116.1	127.8	141.4	83
Total apparel wool	do.	213.9	231.6	247.7	266.6	174.1	190.9	208.4	228.7	86
Carpet wool 4/	do.	79.5	88.1	95.8	103.6	60.6	67.9	74.7	83.9	81
Total apparel and carpet	do.	293.4	319.7	343.5	370.2	234.7	258.8	283.1	312.6	84
Imports for consumption										
clean content										
Monthly aggregates										
	1,000									
Dutiable wool	pounds									
Finer than 56's	do.	6,305	7,605	5,781	8,517	7,703	5,167	6,323	7,734	91
46's to 56's	do.	1,369	974	970	969	2,023	1,400	1,098	1,285	133
44's to 46's	do.	142	113	126	81	100	24	48	118	146
40's to 44's	do.	656	239	499	267	257	193	175	139	52
Not finer than 40's	do.	656	697	1,287	840	263	428	577	333	40
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	295	82	230	13	102	19	55	75	577
Total dutiable wool	do.	9,423	9,711	8,892	10,687	10,448	7,237	8,276	9,684	91
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	1,511	358	1,450	1,835	886	808	1,299	1,120	61
40's-44's	do.	3,352	1,657	1,701	2,532	2,869	2,157	2,777	3,820	151
Not finer than 40's	do.	2,535	1,562	2,574	3,330	2,342	2,439	3,211	3,024	91
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	1,920	1,427	1,238	922	1,140	1,242	1,374	1,343	146
Total duty-free	do.	9,318	5,004	6,963	8,619	7,237	6,646	8,661	9,307	108
Total free and dutiable	do.	18,741	14,714	15,855	19,306	17,684	13,883	16,936	18,991	98
Accumulated since January 1	Million									
Dutiable wool	pounds									
Finer than 56's	do.	95.8	103.4	109.2	117.7	57.8	63.0	69.3	77.0	65
46's to 56's	do.	18.3	19.2	20.2	21.2	16.1	17.5	18.6	19.8	93
44's to 46's	do.	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	50
40's to 44's	do.	6.2	6.4	6.9	7.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7	38
Not finer than 40's	do.	9.4	10.1	11.4	12.2	5.7	6.1	6.7	7.0	57
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	78
Total dutiable wool	do.	133.2	143.0	151.9	162.5	83.9	91.1	99.4	109.1	67
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	11.6	11.9	13.4	15.2	6.0	6.8	8.1	9.2	61
40's-44's	do.	32.5	34.2	35.9	38.4	18.6	20.7	23.5	27.3	71
Not finer than 40's	do.	32.7	34.3	36.9	40.2	21.2	23.7	26.9	29.9	74
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	17.2	18.6	19.9	20.8	7.8	9.0	10.4	11.7	56
Total duty-free wool	do.	94.0	99.0	106.0	114.6	53.6	60.2	68.9	78.2	68
Total free and dutiable	do.	227.3	242.0	257.9	277.2	137.5	151.3	168.3	187.3	68

1/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products.
2/ Monthly periods are 4 or 5 calendar weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter.
3/ Domestic and duty-paid foreign wool.
4/ Duty-free foreign wool.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 10.--Average weekly rate of consumption of apparel and carpet wool on woolen and worsted systems, scoured basis, United States, by months, unadjusted and adjusted for seasonal variation, 1963 to date

Month	1963		1964		1965		1966		1967	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
	Apparel wool									
January	5,120	5,187	4,563	4,604	4,855	4,884	5,838	5,867	4,629	4,652
February	5,671	5,437	4,726	4,505	4,870	4,620	5,822	5,508	4,588	4,341
March	5,565	5,382	4,443	4,272	4,947	4,748	5,865	5,623	4,417	4,235
April	5,070	5,005	4,281	4,255	5,623	5,617	5,844	5,850	4,661	4,666
May	5,310	4,840	4,836	4,428	5,523	5,076	5,745	5,285	4,751	4,371
June	5,352	4,883	4,976	4,540	5,461	4,978	5,614	5,113	4,652	4,237
July	4,215	4,657	4,026	4,473	4,883	5,431	4,725	5,262	3,846	4,283
August	5,012	4,733	4,628	4,378	5,798	5,491	5,519	5,226	4,532	4,292
September	4,539	4,589	4,549	4,590	5,424	5,457	4,518	4,536	4,158	4,175
October	4,148	4,237	4,332	4,425	5,661	5,782	4,419	4,514	4,181	4,271
November	4,021	4,399	3,977	4,365	5,267	5,813	4,017	4,444	4,383	4,848
December	4,175	4,728	3,874	4,372	5,123	5,795	3,778	4,274	4,053	4,585
	Carpet wool									
January	2,838	2,721	2,753	2,670	2,316	2,255	2,243	2,188	1,779	1,736
February	3,363	3,243	2,679	2,621	2,220	2,179	2,287	2,249	1,518	1,493
March	3,531	3,542	2,367	2,372	2,207	2,209	2,260	2,260	1,362	1,362
April	3,306	3,412	2,230	2,313	2,172	2,253	2,116	2,195	1,645	1,706
May	3,428	3,470	1,872	1,885	2,187	2,202	2,119	2,134	1,778	1,790
June	2,652	2,789	2,159	2,244	2,160	2,238	1,910	1,975	1,381	1,428
July	2,417	3,316	1,576	2,159	1,635	2,243	1,448	1,989	1,144	1,571
August	3,373	3,058	2,551	2,340	2,164	1,994	2,083	1,923	1,739	1,606
September	3,396	3,150	2,474	2,286	2,190	2,018	1,894	1,742	1,695	1,559
October	3,194	2,880	2,577	2,320	2,342	2,116	2,145	1,939	1,834	1,658
November	3,001	2,850	2,453	2,305	2,321	2,169	1,936	1,804	1,699	1,583
December	2,662	2,767	2,166	2,263	2,025	2,125	1,552	1,632	1,830	1,924

Table 11.--Fibers consumed and percentage distribution of wool and other fibers used in woolen spinning and worsted combing, United States, 1963 to date

Fiber and year	Production of top		Worsted system 1/		Woolen system: For yarns, except carpet and rug		Woolen system: For carpet and rug yarns		Total fibers consumed	
	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent
Shorn and pulled wool of the sheep										
1963	134,596	86.5	149,578	86.3	101,766	31.7	160,399	67.3	411,743	56.2
1964	129,018	84.5	141,743	84.4	92,189	30.5	122,737	49.7	356,669	49.7
1965	157,888	87.7	173,088	87.6	101,608	31.1	112,330	43.7	387,026	49.6
1966	155,258	91.4	170,418	91.3	96,169	30.8	103,587	42.7	370,174	49.9
1967 8/	130,104	91.3	141,391	91.0	87,293	30.2	83,892	36.8	312,576	46.4
Reused, reprocessed, and other wool 2/										
1963	3/	---	3/	---	139,546	43.5	4/17,018	7.1	173,356	23.7
1964	3/	---	3/	---	126,512	41.9	4/15,770	6.4	159,489	22.2
1965	3/	---	3/	---	132,545	40.6	4/15,749	6.1	164,007	21.0
1966	3/	---	3/	---	121,940	39.0	---	---	146,273	19.7
1967 8/	3/	---	3/	---	100,830	34.8	---	---	116,856	17.4
Man-made fibers 5/										
1963	3,435	2.2	3,710	2.1	72,064	22.4	59,931	25.1	135,705	18.5
1964	5,294	3.5	5,516	3.3	76,735	25.4	106,944	43.3	189,195	26.4
1965	7/5,440	3.0	5,566	2.8	84,738	26.0	127,814	49.7	218,118	27.9
1966	3,574	2.1	3,591	1.9	87,243	27.9	124,072	51.1	214,958	29.0
1967 8/	2,286	1.6	2,609	1.7	95,755	33.1	136,291	59.7	234,382	34.8
Other fibers 6/										
1963	3/	---	3/	---	7,627	2.4	3/	---	11,892	1.6
1964	3/	---	3/	---	6,686	2.2	3/	---	11,593	1.7
1965	3/	---	3/	---	7,412	2.3	3/	---	11,839	1.5
1966	3/	---	3/	---	7,171	2.3	3/	---	10,664	1.4
1967 8/	3/	---	3/	---	5,612	1.9	3/	---	9,367	1.4
Total fibers consumed										
1963	155,603	100.0	173,265	100.0	321,003	100.0	238,428	100.0	732,696	100.0
1964	152,595	100.0	168,023	100.0	302,122	100.0	246,801	100.0	716,946	100.0
1965	180,106	100.0	197,681	100.0	326,303	100.0	257,006	100.0	780,990	100.0
1966	169,956	100.0	186,681	100.0	312,523	100.0	242,854	100.0	742,069	100.0
1967 8/	142,511	100.0	155,291	100.0	289,490	100.0	228,127	100.0	673,181	100.0

1/ Consumption on the worsted system is taken as the sum of top and noil combed.
2/ Includes mohair, alpaca, vicuna, and other specialty fibers as well as tops and noils consumed in woolen spinning and mohair consumed in worsted combing.
3/ Not reported to avoid disclosure of individual company information.
4/ Does not include other wool.
5/ Does not include man-made fiber converted from tow without combing.
6/ Includes cotton, jute, and other vegetable fibers and animal fibers, other than raw wool and mohair, consumed in worsted combing.
7/ Including noils.
8/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 12--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Inventories and unfilled orders at the weaving mill level, by months, January 1965 to date

Year and month	Woolens		Worsteds		Wool blends (chiefly polyester)		Total	
	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders
	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.
1965								
Jan.	15.7	44.0	4.5	34.1	2.4	28.2	22.7	106.4
Feb.	17.6	51.9	5.0	32.9	2.2	33.5	24.7	118.3
Mar.	19.6	58.5	4.6	30.1	2.0	28.4	26.2	117.0
Apr.	18.7	60.1	4.7	25.9	2.4	29.6	25.3	115.5
May	17.3	55.4	4.5	29.9	2.9	34.6	24.7	119.9
June	15.7	51.7	4.2	30.6	3.3	37.6	23.3	119.9
July	14.5	42.7	3.8	30.2	3.6	33.2	21.9	106.1
Aug.	13.2	40.6	3.3	35.3	3.9	33.6	20.4	109.5
Sept.	11.8	38.7	3.4	35.6	3.9	29.4	19.1	103.8
Oct.	10.6	36.1	3.1	40.8	3.9	24.5	17.6	101.5
Nov.	11.8	42.3	3.7	42.5	8.7	33.6	24.2	118.4
Dec.	12.6	49.9	4.2	40.9	3.3	26.8	20.2	117.6
1966								
Jan.	13.3	53.9	5.0	39.2	2.8	30.9	21.1	124.0
Feb.	14.2	56.2	6.4	36.8	2.9	31.0	23.5	124.0
Mar.	17.8	59.2	6.4	32.9	3.3	32.8	27.5	124.9
Apr.	17.9	54.7	6.1	25.1	3.6	29.5	27.7	109.4
May	16.4	53.2	5.7	26.2	3.9	32.1	25.9	111.4
June	13.6	46.7	5.2	23.4	4.4	32.4	23.1	102.5
July	12.3	39.3	4.8	23.0	4.8	30.3	21.8	92.7
Aug.	11.7	34.1	4.2	24.1	4.8	27.5	20.7	85.7
Sept.	11.4	26.2	3.9	25.4	5.2	24.7	20.4	76.3
Oct.	9.0	22.5	3.4	24.7	5.1	20.0	17.5	67.2
Nov.	10.3	24.7	4.5	26.4	4.4	14.7	19.2	65.8
Dec.	12.0	26.3	5.2	26.9	4.1	14.4	21.3	67.6
1967								
Jan.	15.1	30.7	5.7	27.9	4.5	9.8	25.3	68.4
Feb.	16.0	33.4	5.8	28.8	3.1	9.2	24.8	71.3
Mar.	17.9	33.7	5.5	29.6	2.7	6.5	26.1	69.8
Apr.	18.6	32.1	5.3	23.2	2.7	17.8	26.6	73.1
May	19.5	34.1	5.4	23.2	2.9	20.6	27.8	77.9
June	16.0	32.0	5.2	21.4	3.3	20.7	24.5	74.1
July	13.8	30.8	4.4	24.1	4.0	20.4	22.2	75.3
Aug.	12.6	27.9	4.1	24.3	4.4	20.1	21.1	72.2
Sept.	11.4	25.9	3.9	25.7	4.7	20.1	20.0	71.7
Oct.	11.3	26.3	3.8	29.9	4.3	15.8	19.4	72.0
Nov.	12.0	30.7	4.1	32.6	4.5	17.6	20.6	80.8
Dec.								

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 13.--Production of woolen and worsted woven goods, by type of fabric, United States, annual 1965-66, by quarters, April-June 1966 to date 1/

Fabric	1965	1966	1966			1967		
			Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.
	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards
Woolen and worsted woven fabrics (except felt)	267,343	264,877	74,198	61,784	54,395	61,762	65,908	53,512
Apparel fabrics	257,933	250,351	70,887	58,524	50,420	57,570	62,795	50,978
Government orders	5,354	11,198	2,690	2,898	3,909	2,739	3,007	1,525
Other than Government orders	252,579	239,153	68,197	55,626	46,511	54,831	59,788	49,453
Men's and boys' clothing	95,153	86,720	25,229	18,104	15,992	20,708	20,314	13,469
Less than 9 oz.	9,121	12,806	2,555	3,555	3,746	2,098	2,021	2,600
Worsted	8,214	11,750	2,376	3,309	3,250	1,910	1,917	2,462
Woolen	907	1,056	179	246	496	188	104	138
9 oz. up to 13 oz.	68,244	59,282	18,160	11,657	10,087	15,690	14,297	8,290
Worsted	42,518	37,434	11,780	6,044	5,728	10,379	8,992	4,788
Woolen	25,726	22,208	6,380	5,613	4,359	5,311	5,305	3,502
13 oz. up to 16 oz.	6,260	4,740	1,440	767	704	1,077	1,599	1,076
Worsted	3,384	2,459	758	441	487	620	1,161	624
Woolen	2,876	2,281	682	326	217	457	438	452
16 oz. up to 20 oz.	5,016	4,668	1,656	1,160	541	1,063	1,332	695
Worsted	1,707	1,134	390	199	105	205	334	188
Woolen	3,309	3,534	1,266	961	436	858	998	507
20 oz. up to 26 oz.	5,919	4,520	1,333	900	835	695	1,022	758
26 oz. and over	593	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/
Women's and children's clothing	157,426	152,430	42,968	37,519	30,519	34,123	39,474	35,984
Less than 9 oz.	10,924	11,239	3,357	3,050	2,799	2,844	3,418	2,807
Worsted	3,073	3,424	1,095	1,204	601	476	980	1,076
Woolen	7,851	7,815	2,262	1,846	2,198	2,368	2,438	1,731
9 oz. up to 13 oz.	88,833	83,003	24,039	20,775	13,360	16,995	20,680	18,928
Worsted	4,111	3,985	907	1,215	983	867	867	632
Woolen	84,722	79,018	23,132	19,560	12,377	16,128	19,813	18,296
13 oz. up to 16 oz.	14,053	14,119	2,784	2,879	5,094	4,581	5,179	4,079
Worsted	786	1,396	414	419	364	514	568	473
Woolen	13,267	12,723	2,370	2,460	4,730	4,067	4,611	3,606
16 oz. up to 20 oz.	21,435	20,100	5,589	4,496	4,428	4,420	4,450	4,008
Worsted	1,606	1,855	455	507	546	259	309	323
Woolen	19,829	18,245	5,134	3,989	3,882	4,161	4,141	3,685
20 oz. and over	22,181	23,969	7,199	6,319	4,838	5,283	5,747	6,162
Nonapparel fabrics	9,410	14,526	3,311	3,260	3,975	4,192	3,113	2,534
Blanketing	6,820	10,362	2,149	2,260	2,775	3,041	2,322	1,654
Other	2,590	4,164	1,162	1,000	1,200	1,151	791	880
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Woven felts	7,821	8,742	2,239	1,932	2,505	2,483	2,576	2,356
Papermakers	6,031	6,504	1,642	1,404	1,938	1,904	2,001	1,831
All others	1,790	2,238	597	528	567	579	575	525

1/ Fabrics wholly or chiefly by weight of wool, reused wool, reprocessed wool or other animal fibers. Blanketing in 72 inch width or equivalent, other fabrics in 54 to 60 inch width or equivalent 54 inch width.
2/ Less than 100 thousand.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 14.--Fabric deliveries to U.S. military forces, in equivalent square yards of fabric, annual 1966 and by months, January 1967 to date

Fiber and fabric	1966	1967												1968						
	Total	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
	-1,000 square yards-																			
Wool																				
Blanketing	8,821	1,209	1,328	2,130	1,250	1,055	999	631	1,036	670	591	248								
Flannel	10	0	0	84	74	183	65	11	3	0	0	54								
Frieze	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	141	203	164	274	255								
Gabardine	1,800	88	919	992	331	546	571	381	357	281	196	0								
Kersey	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Melton	1,744	443	295	170	148	81	24	0	0	0	178	153								
Pile	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Serge	6,353	759	696	525	274	909	938	546	445	338	506	952								
Tropical	1,260	0	0	0	15	164	128	250	249	67	37	308								
Other	50	0	0	16	10	11	11	9	8	0	13	16								
Total	20,054	2,499	3,238	3,917	2,102	2,949	2,736	1,969	2,301	1,520	1,795	1,986								
Mixed Fiber																				
Cotton and wool	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Cotton and cellulosic	2,835	630	33	81	32	280	28	105	61	738	907	623								
Cotton and non-cellulosic	17,088	5,392	5,071	4,097	2,342	2,988	3,055	2,030	2,867	809	2,305	2,069								
Cotton and glass	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Cotton and other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Wool and cellulosic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Wool and non-cellulosic	8,104	1,450	647	1,363	665	1,141	1,105	485	833	866	1,506	1,876								
Wool and other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Cotton, wool and cellulosic	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Cotton, wool and non-cellulosic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Cellulosic and non-cellulosic	0	0	0	297	170	163	291	81	0	62	249	0								
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Total	28,027	7,472	5,751	5,838	3,209	4,573	4,479	2,701	3,761	2,475	4,967	4,568								
Cotton																				
Total	181,752	24,570	24,808	32,189	19,315	23,799	23,208	17,151	23,371	19,236	18,410	19,011								
Man-made																				
Cellulosic																				
Total	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Non-cellulosic																				
Total	41,882	6,485	6,975	5,959	2,645	1,986	3,446	621	1,529	885	1,377	1,124								
Glass	53	5	10	10	0	0	3	8	2	63	13	11								
Total man-made	41,939	6,490	6,985	5,970	2,645	1,986	3,449	629	1,531	948	1,390	1,135								
Total all fibers	271,776	41,031	40,782	47,914	27,271	33,307	33,872	22,450	30,964	24,179	26,562	26,700								

Based on data from the Department of Defense.

Table 15.--Textile fabrics: Deliveries to U.S. military forces, raw fiber content, annual 1961-66, by months, January 1966 to date

Year and month	Wool: 100 percent wool fabric	Wool: Wool and man-made fiber mixtures: 50 percent or more wool	Wool: Wool and man-made fiber mixtures: Less than 50 percent wool	Wool: Wool and other fiber mixtures	Wool: Total	Cotton: 100 percent cotton fabric	Cotton: Cotton and man-made fiber mixtures: 50 percent or more cotton	Cotton: Cotton and man-made fiber mixtures: Less than 50 percent cotton	Cotton: Cotton and other fiber mixtures	Cotton: Total	Man-made: Cellulosic: Filament yarn	Man-made: Cellulosic: Staple fiber	Man-made: Cellulosic: Total	Man-made: Non-cellulosic: Filament yarn	Man-made: Non-cellulosic: Staple fiber	Man-made: Non-cellulosic: Total	Man-made: Total: Filament yarn	Man-made: Total: Staple fiber	Man-made: Total: Total	Man-made: Glass	Total all fibers
	1,000 Pounds																				
1961	7,108	28	13	---	7,149	45,201	43	124	---	45,368	752	---	752	662	178	840	1,414	178	1,592	164	54,273
1962	13,661	0	4	2	13,667	50,387	253	768	---	51,408	710	3	713	776	848	1,624	1,486	851	2,337	53	67,465
1963 1/	7,858	0	10	58	7,926	30,777	103	283	17	31,180	126	85	211	770	603	1,373	896	688	1,584	2	40,692
1964 1/	5,246	0	95	2/	5,341	20,363	129	1,118	0	21,610	191	20	211	544	1,380	1,934	745	1,400	2,145	14	29,110
1965 1/	3,863	0	400	346	4,609	26,522	865	124	115	27,626	253	41	294	1,469	1,484	2,953	1,722	1,525	3,247	16	35,498
1966	15,325	80	1,268	0	16,674	103,549	4,960	1,072	0	109,579	20	570	591	11,097	4,695	15,792	11,118	5,266	16,383	20	142,656
1967																					
1966																					
Jan.	661	0	17	0	678	2,238	39	4	0	2,281	2/	0	2/	236	76	312	236	76	312	0	3,271
Feb.	912	0	42	0	954	3,542	10	0	0	3,552	2/	0	2/	294	62	356	294	62	356	9	4,871
Mar.	816	0	72	0	888	4,408	66	0	0	4,474	1	0	1	664	120	784	665	120	785	0	6,147
Apr.	795	0	48	0	843	7,079	72	0	0	7,151	1	0	1	329	102	431	330	102	432	2	8,428
May	195	0	56	0	251	1,198	16	0	0	1,214	2/	0	2/	23	75	98	24	75	99	0	1,564
June	470	0	36	0	506	3,985	101	3	0	4,089	1	0	1	402	104	506	403	104	507	0	5,102
July	888	18	198	0	1,104	10,997	277	24	0	11,297	1	0	1	1,999	532	2,531	2,000	532	2,531	1	14,933
Aug.	1,827	3	16	0	1,846	12,463	506	145	0	13,114	1	59	60	1,436	463	1,899	1,437	523	1,960	0	16,920
Sept.	2,095	0	29	0	2,124	12,579	676	175	0	13,430	3	112	115	1,359	290	1,649	1,362	402	1,764	1	17,319
Oct.	1,711	53	182	0	1,947	14,036	2,084	265	0	16,385	6	170	177	1,644	1,158	2,802	1,650	1,328	2,978	2	21,312
Nov.	3,245	0	350	0	3,595	17,750	680	368	0	18,798	4	199	203	1,619	1,040	2,659	1,623	1,239	2,862	2	25,257
Dec.	1,710	6	222	0	1,938	13,274	433	88	0	13,794	2	30	32	1,092	673	1,765	1,094	703	1,797	3	17,532
1967																					
Jan.	1,969	27	224	0	2,219	14,295	843	468	0	15,605	4	133	137	1,601	1,223	2,824	1,605	1,356	2,961	1	20,786
Feb.	2,448	0	105	0	2,552	13,824	682	280	0	14,786	3	3	6	1,870	754	2,624	1,873	756	2,629	1	19,968
Mar.	3,081	53	199	0	3,333	18,214	1,075	113	0	19,401	9	33	42	1,655	1,052	2,707	1,664	1,085	2,749	6	25,489
Apr.	1,657	0	107	0	1,764	10,878	781	20	0	11,679	3	19	22	910	658	1,567	912	676	1,589	0	15,032
May	2,079	0	184	0	2,263	14,296	1,019	115	0	15,430	36	32	68	798	735	1,533	834	767	1,601	0	19,294
June	1,963	0	179	0	2,142	13,371	669	95	0	14,134	2	19	22	891	636	1,527	893	655	1,548	2	17,826
July	1,428	0	84	0	1,512	9,946	777	34	0	10,757	9	9	18	305	443	748	314	452	766	1	13,036
Aug.	1,772	0	133	0	1,905	13,691	745	146	0	14,581	6	0	6	625	722	1,347	632	722	1,354	0	17,840
Sept.	1,195	0	136	0	1,330	10,855	586	55	0	11,496	102	7	109	271	367	638	373	373	747	31	13,604
Oct.	1,423	0	243	0	1,666	10,596	840	195	0	11,631	126	27	153	430	774	1,204	556	802	1,357	2	14,656
Nov.	1,384	0	298	0	1,682	10,680	948	70	0	11,699	86	0	86	321	784	1,105	407	784	1,191	19	14,591
Dec.																					
1968																					
Jan.																					
Feb.																					
Mar.																					
Apr.																					
May																					
June																					
July																					

1/ Total of available data: 1963, 8 months; 1964, 10 months; 1965, 7 months, all other, 12 months.
2/ Less than 500 pounds.
Based on data from the Department of Defense.

Table 16.--Raw wool content of United States imports for consumption of wool manufactures, annual 1963-67 and by months, January 1966 to date 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Woven fabrics 2/	Wool blankets 3/	Wearing apparel: Knit	Wearing apparel: Other than knit 4/	Other manufactures 5/	Sub-total	Noils	Wastes 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1963	6,457	9,992	22,266	420	17,966	10,073	5,364	72,538	41,729	16,263	22,019	152,549
1964	3,079	8,217	19,804	535	20,282	8,139	1,201	61,261	38,075	14,420	27,395	141,147
1965	8,088	11,257	25,702	744	27,617	7,826	1,752	82,986	34,291	17,402	21,437	156,116
1966	10,362	12,969	24,836	746	25,789	7,232	1,669	83,603	27,647	16,229	15,383	142,862
1967 8/	5,797	9,744	24,320	755	24,371	6,400	2,438	73,825	28,913	10,894	8,177	121,809
1966												
Jan.	1,274	998	1,928	69	1,272	321	179	6,041	3,039	1,651	1,282	12,013
Feb.	1,090	846	2,166	40	999	189	136	5,466	2,731	1,639	1,079	10,915
Mar.	979	1,104	3,184	33	1,123	213	101	6,737	3,197	1,908	1,478	13,320
Apr.	773	1,461	2,914	39	1,301	226	154	6,868	2,224	1,694	1,930	12,716
May	800	1,758	2,440	93	1,869	241	191	7,392	2,227	1,627	1,398	12,644
June	1,238	1,189	1,863	86	2,975	535	255	8,141	2,380	1,173	1,115	12,809
July	825	1,195	1,934	80	3,012	997	197	8,240	2,301	1,111	1,150	12,802
Aug.	723	1,319	2,452	84	3,382	1,432	128	9,520	2,250	1,466	1,563	14,799
Sept.	809	1,273	1,780	72	3,219	1,270	129	8,552	2,595	986	1,449	13,582
Oct.	616	663	1,425	57	2,934	941	80	6,716	1,703	1,081	1,065	10,565
Nov.	378	565	1,520	50	2,232	601	62	5,408	1,688	1,053	1,021	9,170
Dec.	858	599	1,228	44	1,469	266	56	4,520	1,312	840	851	7,523
1967 8/												
Jan.	866	881	1,777	44	1,041	275	30	4,914	1,947	1,093	913	8,867
Feb.	561	648	1,725	26	846	236	32	4,074	2,702	1,004	696	8,476
Mar.	563	1,053	2,765	58	966	202	135	5,742	2,849	1,217	831	10,639
Apr.	595	510	2,547	49	1,154	167	166	5,188	2,953	963	833	9,937
May	669	968	2,343	51	1,770	235	98	6,134	3,029	915	773	10,851
June	358	805	2,143	84	2,608	535	417	6,950	2,733	841	619	11,143
July	253	1,045	1,862	78	2,901	844	258	7,241	2,351	854	544	10,990
Aug.	329	904	2,029	96	2,996	1,175	150	7,679	2,946	940	666	12,231
Sept.	348	898	1,992	85	2,567	875	491	7,256	2,098	1,023	687	11,064
Oct.	378	611	1,847	74	2,861	857	283	6,911	1,209	303	489	8,912
Nov.	354	652	1,895	47	2,759	638	241	6,586	2,180	860	579	10,205
Dec.	523	769	1,395	63	1,902	361	137	5,150	1,916	881	547	8,494

See footnotes end of table 17.

Table 17.--Raw wool content of United States exports of domestic wool manufactures, annual 1963-67 and by months, January 1966 to date 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Fabrics woven and knit	Wool blankets	Wearing apparel: Knit	Wearing apparel: Other than knit	Other manufactures 7/	Felts	Sub-total	Noils and wastes 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1963	873	229	701	89	145	266	580	198	3,081	2,038	470	5,589
1964	370	228	748	239	201	390	893	276	3,345	3,281	372	6,998
1965	433	185	804	213	349	512	2,132	1,534	6,162	8,876	614	15,652
1966	458	273	586	183	348	600	1,978	1,279	5,705	6,400	588	12,693
1967 8/	527	331	549	211	534	502	1,670	1,792	6,116	4,066	508	10,690
1966												
Jan.	21	21	36	12	14	52	132	178	466	301	46	813
Feb.	19	7	56	7	20	62	152	82	405	458	54	917
Mar.	43	45	92	10	25	43	135	219	612	922	43	1,577
Apr.	61	24	50	13	44	45	178	89	504	805	44	1,353
May	11	13	45	11	14	57	148	79	378	843	22	1,243
June	60	14	63	12	26	14	172	48	439	628	47	1,114
July	63	13	44	9	22	45	252	70	518	710	42	1,270
Aug.	15	19	51	26	33	21	126	70	361	407	29	797
Sept.	32	46	51	24	35	55	128	86	457	190	53	700
Oct.	73	24	39	26	42	77	205	191	677	395	49	1,121
Nov.	22	31	34	21	42	50	168	64	432	356	48	836
Dec.	38	15	25	11	31	49	183	103	455	384	111	950
1967 8/												
Jan.	37	29	44	11	26	31	132	129	439	420	51	910
Feb.	65	36	50	9	42	37	97	45	381	393	37	811
Mar.	34	27	37	11	44	38	122	106	419	605	42	1,066
Apr.	63	14	44	12	49	49	145	81	457	423	67	947
May	58	8	50	12	43	34	220	231	656	319	30	1,005
June	21	5	61	14	53	31	173	164	522	296	56	874
July	34	38	28	14	41	37	112	77	381	264	26	671
Aug.	51	37	53	28	58	38	153	202	620	226	42	888
Sept.	47	44	67	39	67	52	121	295	732	236	32	1,000
Oct.	57	35	34	23	51	54	142	124	520	145	46	711
Nov.	38	39	31	22	32	45	133	121	461	446	46	953
Dec.	22	19	50	16	28	56	120	217	528	293	33	854

1/ Includes manufactures of mohair, alpaca, and other wool-like specialty hair. 2/ Includes pile fabrics and manufactures, tapestry and upholstery goods, press and billiard cloths. 3/ Includes carriage and automobile robes, steamer rugs, etc. 4/ Includes laces, lace articles, veils and veilings, nets and nettings, when reported in pounds. 5/ Includes knit fabrics in the piece and miscellaneous manufactures not elsewhere specified. 6/ Not including rags. Beginning January 1965, export data includes substantial quantities of non-wool animal hair. 7/ Census Bureau's Schedule B classification designated manufactures, n.e.c. 8/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 18--Price per pound of British Dominion wool, (Bradford grade), by months, January 1965 to date

Year and month	Combing							
	70's	64's	60's	58's	56's	50's	48's	46's
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1965								
January	114.0	104.7	100.0	93.0	90.7	80.3	75.6	74.4
February	115.3	106.0	100.2	92.0	88.5	80.4	75.7	74.5
March	111.7	102.4	95.4	88.4	86.1	76.8	73.3	71.0
April	113.0	103.7	96.7	89.7	87.4	81.6	78.1	75.7
May	113.0	103.7	96.7	90.9	85.1	81.6	78.1	75.8
June	110.5	102.4	96.6	93.1	83.8	79.1	75.6	73.8
July	114.0	107.0	102.3	98.8	87.2	84.9	81.4	79.1
August	112.8	107.0	102.3	98.8	91.9	87.2	82.6	80.2
September	114.2	108.4	103.7	100.2	93.2	83.9	81.6	79.2
October	121.5	113.3	108.6	103.9	94.6	86.4	82.9	81.8
November	123.8	115.7	111.0	107.5	97.0	86.4	82.9	81.8
December	122.6	113.3	108.6	105.1	96.9	82.9	79.4	77.1
1966								
January	125.0	114.5	109.8	106.3	95.8	82.9	77.1	74.8
February	127.3	116.8	110.9	103.9	94.6	82.9	77.1	73.6
March	130.4	121.1	115.3	108.3	97.8	86.2	78.0	74.5
April	123.7	123.4	117.6	110.6	101.3	87.3	76.8	73.3
May	131.5	123.3	117.5	109.4	102.4	87.3	76.8	72.1
June	130.2	123.2	117.4	110.4	102.3	87.2	76.7	72.1
July	130.1	123.2	117.4	110.4	102.3	87.2	76.7	72.0
August	127.8	120.8	116.2	109.2	102.3	83.7	74.4	70.9
September	124.4	117.4	112.7	106.9	98.8	80.2	73.2	69.7
October	121.0	112.8	107.0	101.2	95.4	79.1	73.3	69.8
November	118.6	110.5	105.8	98.9	96.5	77.9	72.1	69.8
December	117.4	109.3	104.6	97.7	95.3	75.6	70.9	68.6
1967								
January	117.5	108.2	102.3	95.4	89.5	74.4	69.8	67.4
February	119.9	111.8	104.8	97.8	92.0	75.7	69.8	67.5
March	117.7	109.5	102.5	95.5	93.2	75.7	69.9	67.6
April	120.1	110.8	102.6	95.6	93.3	75.8	70.0	67.6
May	122.4	115.4	106.0	97.9	93.2	74.6	69.9	67.6
June	121.0	114.0	104.7	97.7	93.0	74.4	69.8	67.5
July	117.3	109.2	101.0	95.2	83.6	67.4	60.4	58.1
August	109.1	101.0	92.8	85.9	83.6	68.5	62.7	59.2
September	111.3	103.2	93.9	85.8	82.4	67.3	60.3	58.0
October	113.6	103.2	93.9	84.7	73.1	58.0	54.5	52.2
November	115.3	104.3	93.2	83.2	65.4	48.8	47.7	46.6
December	113.3	103.3	91.2	81.2	73.2	52.1	48.1	46.1
1968								
January	116.4	105.4	95.4	85.3	76.3	48.2	44.2	41.2

Compiled from reports of New Zealand Wool Commission.

Table 19.--Production of wool, grease basis, in specified countries and world, average 1956-60, annual 1964-67 1/

Continent and country	Average 1956-60	1964	1965	1966	1967 2/
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds
North America					
United States 3/	308.8	255.0	241.1	235.1	228.1
Total North America 4/	327.1	276.0	261.1	254.9	247.1
Europe					
United Kingdom	116.3	126.7	129.3	133.0	129.0
France	62.9	53.0	61.0	61.5	61.5
Spain	72.6	80.7	79.8	79.4	79.4
Italy	30.4	29.3	34.2	32.7	34.5
Total West Europe 4/	384.8	397.1	412.9	409.1	405.5
Bulgaria	38.6	56.0	56.9	57.3	57.8
Hungary	15.7	23.2	22.4	22.9	23.4
Poland	20.5	16.3	16.5	17.6	17.8
Romania	44.5	54.7	56.0	57.5	60.6
Yugoslavia	31.3	26.9	27.7	29.5	30.9
Total East Europe 4/	175.6	203.5	206.5	211.9	217.8
Total Europe 4/	560.4	600.6	619.4	621.0	623.3
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	698.8	751.8	787.0	817.9	850.0
Asia					
Iran	41.9	39.7	40.8	41.9	42.3
Iraq	24.7	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Turkey	91.2	94.8	94.8	97.0	99.2
Syrian Arab Republic	18.2	26.5	29.1	33.1	30.0
India	73.8	78.0	77.2	78.3	81.6
Japan	7.5	2.2	1.7	1.2	.8
Pakistan	32.5	32.5	37.5	40.0	41.0
Total Asia 4/	508.4	530.2	543.9	555.0	560.4
South America					
Argentina	465.6	443.1	465.2	467.4	460.8
Brazil	60.4	70.2	78.2	59.2	59.3
Chile	48.7	55.6	56.2	56.2	56.7
Peru	20.9	24.3	23.1	22.0	21.6
Uruguay	180.2	189.6	185.2	189.6	178.6
Total South America 4/	795.7	803.8	828.9	815.6	798.2
Africa					
Algeria	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
Morocco	34.9	34.0	30.9	30.9	30.9
Republic of South Africa 5/	313.9	315.0	362.5	320.0	335.0
Total Africa 4/	395.0	397.6	442.0	399.5	414.5
Oceania					
Australia	1,578.8	1,783.7	1,662.8	1,762.7	1,769.6
New Zealand	538.3	623.3	694.8	709.4	735.0
Total Oceania	2,117.1	2,407.0	2,357.6	2,472.1	2,504.6
Total World	5,402.5	5,776.6	5,839.9	5,936.0	5,998.1

1/ For summary purposes wool produced mostly in the spring in the Northern Hemisphere is combined with that produced in the season beginning July 1 or October 1 of the same year in the Southern Hemisphere. Pulled wool is included for most countries at its greasy equivalent. 2/ Preliminary. 3/ Converted "pulled wool" to greasy basis at 1.7. 4/ Includes estimates for other producing countries. 5/ Includes Lesotho and South West Africa.

Compiled from reports of the Foreign Agricultural Service.

Table 20--Estimated consumption of wool in selected wool manufacturing countries, clean content, annual 1964-66, by quarters, April-June 1966 to date

Country	Year			1966			1967			Percentage change	
	1964	1965	1966	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	July-Sept. 1967 to Apr.-June 1967	July-Sept. 1967 to July-Sept. 1966
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Pct.
United States 1/	356.7	387.0	370.3	100.9	87.2	76.7	79.0	81.5	74.3	- 8.8	-14.8
United Kingdom	418.3	402.6	388.2	102.1	87.9	93.3	94.5	96.7	76.5	-20.9	-13.0
France	265.5	254.6	281.0	74.5	62.3	69.7	68.0	61.3	51.1	-16.6	-18.0
Japan	333.7	350.4	395.1	100.5	99.9	102.2	96.8	95.0	91.9	- 3.3	- 8.0
Italy	185.1	189.4	236.3	65.2	54.2	60.9	61.8	61.3	54.3	-11.4	+ 0.2
West Germany	142.2	146.2	156.8	42.5	36.5	34.5	30.4	31.0	25.1	-19.0	-31.2
Belgium	95.1	97.9	95.3	24.3	19.7	26.5	22.5	20.5	15.4	-24.9	-21.8
Australia	77.1	78.3	71.5	17.9	18.6	17.7	15.5	20.2	---	---	---
Netherlands	21.5	21.4	21.8	5.7	4.8	5.4	4.9	5.9	4.9	-17.0	+ 2.1
Total	1,895.2	1,927.8	2,016.3	533.6	471.1	486.9	473.4	473.4	2/393.5	---	---

1/ Consumption on woolen and worsted system only.

2/ Total excludes Australia.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat and the Bureau of the Census.

Table 21--Production of wool and hair tops, worsted and woolen yarn, and wool woven fabrics, by specified countries, annual 1964-66, by quarters, April-June 1966 to date

Country	1964			1966			1967			Percentage change	
	1964	1965	1966	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	July-Sept 1967 to Apr.-June 1967	July-Sept. 1967 to July-Sept. 1966
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Percent	Percent
						Tops					
United Kingdom	265.2	247.6	229.8	60.1	53.0	53.3	56.4	55.6	43.0	-22.7	-18.9
France	192.8	188.8	211.0	55.9	47.1	51.7	50.0	44.1	33.9	-23.1	-28.0
Japan	272.8	273.3	313.7	79.3	78.9	81.5	76.3	77.3	74.7	- 3.4	- 5.3
Italy	109.6	117.8	157.2	43.7	36.4	40.2	40.2	39.3	36.4	- 7.4	---
United States	147.3	174.7	165.7	46.4	39.8	31.9	32.5	35.9	31.7	-11.7	-20.4
West Germany	89.1	78.4	86.9	22.3	20.3	23.1	15.6	17.7	15.2	-14.1	-25.1
Belgium	61.7	64.8	63.0	16.2	13.3	16.4	15.3	13.7	10.6	-22.6	-20.3
Australia	49.9	51.8	46.9	12.0	12.3	11.7	10.6	12.9	---	---	---
Uruguay	29.6	22.2	29.5	9.4	6.1	5.3	7.7	8.8	6.1	-30.7	---
Netherlands	2.6	2.6	2.2	.5	.5	.6	.4	.5	.4	-20.0	-20.0
Total	1,220.6	1,222.0	1,306.0	345.7	307.7	315.6	304.9	305.8	1/252.0	---	---
						Worsted yarn					
United Kingdom	236.3	227.0	221.3	57.6	50.5	53.8	49.7	50.8	42.6	-16.2	-15.7
Italy	144.1	166.1	194.8	51.1	44.8	49.5	46.6	45.1	44.8	- .7	---
France	198.3	183.6	214.2	57.9	43.2	54.9	49.2	49.2	33.3	-32.3	-22.9
West Germany	138.3	139.7	155.8	39.8	37.6	37.3	29.9	33.0	29.1	-11.8	-22.6
Japan	210.1	238.7	261.7	65.9	66.2	67.9	64.8	66.1	66.5	+ .6	+ .5
Belgium	86.2	94.6	104.6	27.7	22.6	28.7	22.8	24.9	19.4	-22.1	-14.2
Netherlands	24.5	20.8	19.7	5.1	4.4	4.8	4.4	4.6	3.7	-19.6	-15.9
Australia	23.8	23.7	19.3	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.1	5.0	---	---	---
Total	1,061.6	1,094.2	1,191.4	310.0	274.0	301.7	271.5	278.7	1/239.4	---	---
						Woolen yarn					
United Kingdom	325.8	321.8	314.7	81.8	69.8	79.5	77.1	80.1	65.7	-18.0	- 5.9
Italy	297.3	268.2	290.0	75.1	70.3	75.3	76.6	77.0	70.1	- 9.0	- .3
France	126.3	102.3	106.6	29.6	21.6	27.9	27.0	28.1	18.1	-35.6	-16.2
West Germany	126.5	133.1	112.7	30.5	24.8	24.9	23.7	24.4	19.2	-21.3	-22.6
Japan	117.0	103.5	100.6	27.3	26.3	24.1	22.7	25.0	23.4	- 6.4	-11.0
Belgium	51.0	47.7	48.9	13.5	10.0	13.2	10.0	10.9	7.9	-27.5	-21.0
Netherlands	46.4	40.2	38.2	10.5	8.4	8.9	8.2	9.3	7.5	-19.4	-10.7
Australia	29.7	30.9	31.3	8.1	8.4	8.2	6.8	8.8	---	---	---
Total	1,120.0	1,047.5	1,042.9	276.4	239.6	262.0	252.1	263.6	1/211.9	---	---
						Woven fabrics					
	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.		
United States	412.8	434.2	431.2	120.3	100.4	89.3	100.7	100.7	99.0	- 1.7	-48.1
United Kingdom	358.3	355.8	332.8	80.3	79.0	85.8	78.9	79.7	73.0	- 8.4	- 7.6
Japan	423.1	413.7	418.7	102.0	109.2	107.1	105.4	109.2	117.2	+ 7.3	+ 7.3
Italy	234.1	206.5	260.6	69.3	59.4	68.7	64.5	61.8	59.3	- 4.1	- .2
France	229.5	193.0	219.5	58.4	46.0	58.4	52.9	50.2	36.5	-27.3	-20.7
West Germany	177.8	185.3	178.5	47.3	41.3	42.7	32.0	37.3	36.4	- 2.4	-11.8
Netherlands	73.5	64.9	66.1	16.7	15.8	15.4	13.2	12.6	12.5	- .8	-20.9
Australia	35.2	34.5	31.1	8.0	7.7	7.9	7.0	8.4	---	---	---
Total	1,944.3	1,887.9	1,938.5	502.4	458.8	475.2	454.7	459.9	1/433.9	---	---
Belgium (Mil. lb.)	43.5	38.2	37.2	9.2	8.4	9.0	8.4	7.9	6.4	-19.0	-23.8

1/ Total excludes Australia.
Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

Table 22.--World trade in wool tops, woolen and worsted yarn, and exports of worsted fabric, by specified countries, annual 1964-66, by quarters, April-June 1966 to date

Country	Year 1964	Year 1965	Year 1966	1966 Apr.-June	1966 July-Sept.	1966 Oct.-Dec.	1967 Jan.-Mar.	1967 Apr.-June	1967 July-Sept.	Percentage change: July-Sept. 1967 to Apr.-June 1967	Percentage change: July-Sept. 1967 to July-Sept. 1966
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Pct.
Tops											
Exports											
United Kingdom	75.1	64.0	62.7	16.0	14.4	15.4	15.3	13.5	11.5	-14.8	-20.1
France	53.1	59.4	59.7	16.4	12.2	13.6	13.9	14.9	10.9	-26.9	-10.7
Uruguay	30.4	22.2	29.5	9.4	6.1	4.6	7.6	7.9	6.2	-21.5	+1.6
Australia	26.1	22.0	24.2	6.5	6.2	6.3	5.2	6.3	5.8	-7.9	-6.5
Belgium	19.8	28.5	25.5	7.7	5.9	5.2	5.6	5.6	1/ 3.1	---	---
Republic of South Africa	9.3	10.0	14.0	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1	-6.1	-3.1
Japan	17.2	13.2	9.2	2.5	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	---	-9.1
West Germany	4.8	7.2	6.9	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	---	+5.9
Argentina	11.3	5.1	5.2	1.0	1.6	1.3	1.7	2.1	1.5	-28.6	-6.3
Switzerland	1.0	1.1	1.2	.4	.2	.3	.4	.5	.4	-20.0	+100.0
Total	248.1	232.7	238.1	65.1	53.7	53.4	56.5	57.9	47.5	-18.0	-11.6
Imports											
Belgium	36.0	44.8	53.1	14.5	11.5	13.0	11.1	12.2	1/ 5.0	---	---
Netherlands	18.5	16.4	16.2	4.5	3.7	2.6	2.9	3.3	2.8	-15.2	-24.3
India	3.5	1.1	.4	---	.1	---	---	---	---	---	---
West Germany	20.6	22.2	24.4	7.2	6.1	5.1	4.7	5.7	4.8	-15.8	-21.3
Canada	16.1	18.0	16.0	3.4	4.8	3.2	3.6	3.9	2/	---	---
Switzerland	14.7	12.0	14.6	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.0	-18.9	-3.2
Italy	23.3	19.3	12.6	3.0	2.9	2.6	3.1	2.3	1/ 3.0	---	---
Greece	7.8	10.5	11.9	3.2	3.0	3.0	2.3	3/ .8	2/	---	---
Japan	5.3	3.0	4.8	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	+7.7	+7.7
Sweden	5.8	5.5	5.1	1.2	.8	1.7	1.3	1.3	1/ .3	---	---
France	4.3	5.3	5.7	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.0	.9	-10.0	-18.2
United States	3.1	8.1	10.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	2.0	1.6	1/ .6	---	---
Denmark	3.3	2.6	2.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7	.5	-28.6	-16.7
Norway	3.9	3.0	3.3	.3	.7	.8	.9	.7	.7	---	---
United Kingdom	2.2	1.8	2.4	.6	.5	.6	.6	1.1	1.1	---	+120.0
Irish Republic	3.2	2.6	4.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	1/ .4	---	---
Total	171.6	176.2	187.5	48.7	43.7	42.3	40.5	42.5	38.7	-9.0	-11.5
Yarns											
Exports											
France	50.7	54.4	50.7	11.6	14.1	12.5	11.0	11.8	9.4	-20.3	-33.3
Belgium	54.1	57.5	61.3	18.2	13.7	13.8	11.9	15.4	10.4	-32.5	-24.1
United Kingdom	32.1	30.1	29.5	7.5	6.4	8.2	7.5	7.6	6.3	-17.1	-1.6
Italy	23.0	28.8	23.9	7.1	5.9	5.1	4.9	5.7	5.1	-10.5	-13.6
Japan	19.7	20.8	30.9	9.4	7.6	7.7	4.1	5.4	4.0	-25.9	-47.4
Netherlands	14.4	13.0	14.7	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.0	2.9	2.9	---	-17.2
West Germany	7.7	8.4	8.0	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.5	2.0	2.6	+30.0	+30.0
Austria	4.5	5.1	6.6	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.5	2.1	1.7	-19.1	+13.3
Switzerland	5.2	4.4	4.7	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	.8	-20.0	-27.3
Total	211.4	222.5	230.3	62.8	55.8	56.2	46.4	53.9	43.2	-19.9	-22.6
Imports											
West Germany	70.6	76.7	69.1	19.8	15.4	14.8	11.4	12.7	10.3	-18.9	-33.1
Netherlands	27.4	26.2	28.9	8.0	6.5	6.8	5.1	5.9	4.7	-20.3	-27.7
Belgium	13.5	14.6	16.4	4.5	3.6	3.8	3.0	3.0	2.7	-10.0	-25.0
Sweden	8.4	6.9	6.1	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.1	-21.4	-31.2
Switzerland	4,8	4.2	3.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	.8	.8	.8	---	-20.0
Denmark	9.8	11.1	11.4	3.0	2.7	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.4	-11.1	-11.1
United Kingdom	5.1	3.5	3.7	1.1	1.0	.7	.7	1.2	.8	-33.3	-20.0
Austria	7.5	6.7	6.9	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	-5.9	---
United States	8.2	11.3	13.0	4.4	3.8	1.9	2.6	2.3	2.8	+21.7	-26.3
Norway	2.8	2.1	3.1	.7	.7	1.0	.8	.9	.7	-22.2	---
Canada	5.1	3.9	4.8	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.0	.9	3/ .5	---	---
Irish Republic	5.3	3.2	2.9	.6	.7	.9	1.0	1.0	.8	-20.0	+14.3
Total	168.5	170.4	170.2	47.6	40.1	38.3	32.3	34.5	30.0	-13.1	-25.2
Fabrics											
Exports											
Italy	105.3	117.0	124.9	38.4	39.7	23.2	15.2	34.3	33.7	-1.8	-15.1
United Kingdom	47.8	48.6	45.3	10.7	11.6	11.8	10.6	11.1	10.6	-4.5	-8.6
Belgium	26.3	15.2	15.4	4.3	3.6	3.6	3.0	2.6	2.6	---	-27.8
Japan	21.7	27.0	24.1	5.7	6.2	5.6	6.1	6.0	7.0	+16.7	+12.9
Netherlands	12.4	13.0	13.2	3.5	3.5	2.9	2.6	3.2	3.0	-6.3	-14.3
France	13.5	13.0	16.7	3.9	4.6	5.1	3.2	4.3	4.3	---	-6.5
West Germany	6.7	7.6	9.6	2.4	2.9	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.5	+8.7	-13.8
Switzerland	3.1	3.4	3.9	1.0	1.1	.9	.9	1.1	1.1	---	---
Australia	2.7	2.0	2.9	.9	.8	.8	.7	1.1	1.0	-9.1	+25.0
Total	239.5	246.8	256.0	70.8	74.0	55.9	44.0	66.0	65.8	-.3	-11.1

1/ Total for 2 months.
2/ Not available, estimate included in total.
3/ Total for 1 month.
Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

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TWS-82 - The Wool Situation

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